Physics Master Academy Only Teaching Noting Else.

CLASS - XII PHYSICS (042) SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2019-20)

Time allowed: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

General Instructions:

- *1*. All questions are compulsory. There are 37 questions in all.
- 2. This question paper has four sections: Section A, Section B, Section C and Section D.
- *3*. Section A contains twenty questions of one mark each, Section B contains seven questions of two marks each, Section C contains seven questions of three marks each, and Section D contains three questions of five marks each.
- 4. There is no overall choice. However, internal choices have been provided in two questions of one mark each, two questions of two marks, one question of three marks and three questions of five marks weightage. You have to attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
- 5. You may use the following values of physical constants where ever necessary.

c =
$$3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

h = $6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$
e = $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
 $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2 \text{ C}^{-2}$
 $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
mass of neutron = $1.675 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
mass of proton = $1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Avogadro's number = $6.023 \times 10^{23} \text{ per gram mole}$
Boltzmann constant = $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$

<u>Section – A</u>

Directions (Q1-Q10) Select the most appropriate option from those given below each question				
1.	A charge q is placed at the point of intersection of body diagonals of a cube. The electric flux passing through any one of its face is	1		
	(a) $\frac{q}{6\epsilon 0}$ (b) $\frac{3q}{\epsilon 0}$ (c) $\frac{6q}{\epsilon 0}$ (d) $\frac{q}{3\epsilon 0}$			
2.	The electric potential of earth is taken to be zero because earth is a good (a) Insulator (b) conductor (c) semiconductor (d) dielectric	1		
3.	If the ammeter in the given circuit shown in the diagram reads 2A, the resistance R is (a) 1Ω (b) 2Ω (c) 3Ω (d) 4Ω	1		
4.	The heat produced by 100W heater in 2 minutes is equal to (a) 10.5kJ (b) 16.3kJ (c) 12.0kJ (d) 14.2kJ	1		
5.	Time period of a charged particle undergoing a circular motion in a uniform magnetic field is independent of (a) speed of the particle (b) mass of the particle (c) charge of the particle (d) magnetic field	1		
6.	The final image formed in an astronomical refracting telescope with respect to the object is (a) Real inverted (b) Real erect (c) Virtual erect (d) Virtual inverted 	1		
7.	The shape of the interference fringes in Young's double slit experiment when D (distance between slit and screen) is very large as compared to fringe width is nearly	1		
	(a) straight line (b) parabolic (c) circular (d) hyperbolic			

8.	Unpolarized light is incident on a plane glass surface having refractive index $\sqrt{3}$.	1
	The angle of incidence at which reflected and refracted rays would become	
	perpendicular to each other is :	
	(a) 15° (b) 30° (c) 45° (d) 60°	
9.	Photoelectric emission from a given surface of metal can take place when the	1
	value of a 'physical quantity' is less than the energy of incident photon. The physical quantity is :	
	 (a) Threshold frequency (b) Work function of surface (c) Threshold wave length (d) Stopping Potential 	
10.	A photon beam of energy 12.1eV is incident on a hydrogen atom. The orbit to which electron of H-atom be excited is	1
	(a) 2^{nd} (b) 3^{rd} (c) 4^{th} (d) 5^{th}	
Directions (Q11 –Q15) Fill in the blanks with appropriate answer.		
11	Horizontal and vertical components of earth's magnetic field at a place are equal. The angle of dip at that place is	1
	OR	
	A free floating magnetic needle at North pole isto the surface of earth.	
12	The magnetic flux linked with a coil changes by 2×10 ⁻² Wb when the current changes by 0.01A. The self inductance of the coil is	1
13	If the angular speed of the armature of a dynamo is doubled then the amplitude of the induced e.m.f will become	1
14	An electron is accelerated through a potential difference of 100 V , then de-Broglie wavelength associated with it is approximately $____A^\circ$	1
15	An equilateral prism is made up of material of refractive index $\sqrt{3}$. The angle of	1
	minimum deviation of light passing through the prism is	
Dire	ctions (Q16 –Q20) Answer the following	
16.	Which physical quantity in a nuclear reaction is considered equivalent to the Q-value of the reaction?	1
17.	Zener diode is used in reverse bias. When its reverse bias is increased, how does the thickness of the depletion layer change?	1
18	The initial concentration of a radioactive substance is N_{\circ} and its half life is 12 hours. What will be its concentration after 36 hours?	1
19.	Work function of Sodium is 2.75eV. What will be KE of emitted electron when photon of energy 3.54eV is incident on the surface of sodium?	1

20.	From the information of energy band gaps of diodes, how do you decide which can be light emitting diodes?	1
	OR	
	Give any one advantage of LEDs over conventional incandescent low power lamps	
21	Derive the expression for drift velocity of free electron in terms of relaxation time and electric field applied across a conductor.	2
22	Find total energy stored in capacitors given in the circuit	2
	6V 1μF 2μF 2μF 2μF	
23	An α - particle and a proton are accelerated through same potential difference. Find the ratio (v_{α}/v_{p})of velocities acquired by two particles.	2
24	What is Brewster's angle? Derive relation between Brewster angle and refractive index of medium which produces Plane Polarized light.	2
25	The work function of Cs is 2.14eV.Find	•
	(a) threshold frequency for Cs	2
	(b) Wavelength of incident light if the photo current is brought to zero by stopping potential of 0.6 V.	
26	Derive an expression for the radius of n th Bohr's orbit in Hydrogen atom.	
	OR	2
	Energy of electron in first excited state in Hydrogen atom is -3.4eV. Find KE and PE of electron in the ground state.	
27	Draw energy band diagram of p & n type semiconductors. Also write two differences between p and n type semiconductors.	2
	OR	
	Energy gap in a $p - n$ photodiode is 2.8 eV. Can it detect a wavelength of 6000 nm? Justify your answer.	





